



Active substances set

Search phrase: tislelizumab

Below you will find a list of active substances registered by the European Medical Agency (EMA) in the last 15 years, recommended by the European Society of Clinical Oncology (ESMO) and their reimbursement status in the country.

Tracheal, bronchus, and lung cancer

Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) Tislelizumab, in combination with platinum-containing chemotherapy as neoadjuvant treatment and then continued as monotherapy as adjuvant treatment, is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with resectable NSCLC at high risk of recurrence. Tislelizumab, in combination with pemetrexed and platinum-containing chemotherapy, is indicated for the first-line treatment of adult patients with non-squamous NSCLC whose tumours have PD-L1 expression on ≥50% of tumour cells with no EGFR or ALK positive mutations and who have: • locally advanced NSCLC and are not candidates for surgical resection or platinum-based chemoradiation, or • metastatic NSCLC. Tislelizumab, in combination with carboplatin and either paclitaxel is indicated for the first-line treatment of adult

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tumour cells with no EGFR or ALK positive mutations and who have: • locally advanced NSCLC and are not candidates for surgical resection or platinum-based chemoradiation, or • metastatic NSCLC. Tislelizumab, in combination with carboplatin and either paclitaxel or nabpaclitaxel, is indicated for the first-line treatment of adult patients with squamous NSCLC who have: • locally advanced NSCLC and are not candidates for surgical resection or platinum-based chemoradiation, or • metastatic NSCLC. Tislelizumab as monotherapy is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC after prior platinum-based therapy. Patients with EGFR mutant or ALK positive NSCLC should also have received targeted therapies before receiving tislelizumab. Small Cell Lung Cancer (SCLC) Tislelizumab, in combination with etoposide and platinum chemotherapy, is indicated for the first-line treatment of adult patients with extensive-stage SCLC.



