

Active substances set

Search phrase: lorlatinib

Below you will find a list of active substances registered by the European Medical Agency (EMA) in the last 15 years, recommended by the European Society of Clinical Oncology (ESMO) and their reimbursement status in the country.

Tracheal, bronchus, and lung cancer

Lorlatinib

Lorlatinib as monotherapy is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK)-positive advanced non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) previously not treated with an ALK inhibitor. Lorlatinib as monotherapy is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with ALK-positive advanced NSCLC whose disease has progressed after: - alectinib or ceritinib as the first ALK tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) therapy; or - crizotinib and at least one other ALK TKI.

