



Active substances set

Search phrase: Liver cancer

Below you will find a list of active substances registered by the European Medical Agency (EMA) in the last 15 years, recommended by the European Society of Clinical Oncology (ESMO) and their reimbursement status in the country.

Liver cancer Regorafenib jest wskazany w monoterapii do leczenia NO REIMBURSEMENT dorosłych pacjentów z rakiem wątrobowokomórkowym Regorafenib (ang. hepatocellular carcinoma, HCC), którzy wcześniej byli leczeni sorafenibem. Lenvatinib w monoterapii jest wskazany w leczeniu NO REIMBURSEMENT dorosłych pacjentów z zaawansowanym lub nieoperacyjnym Lenvatinib rakiem wątrobowokomórkowym, którzy nie byli poddani wcześniej leczeniu ogólnemu. Ramucirumab monotherapy is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with advanced or unresectable NO REIMBURSEMENT Ramucirumab hepatocellular carcinoma who have a serum alpha **ESMO** fetoprotein (AFP) of ≥ 400 ng/ml and who have been previously treated with sorafenib. Pembrolizumab, in combination with gemcitabine and cisplatin, is indicated for the first-line treatment of locally advanced unresectable or metastatic biliary tract carcinoma (BTC) in adults. Pembrolizumab as monotherapy **NO REIMBURSEMENT Pembrolizumab** is indicated for the treatment of the following microsatellite instability high (MSI-H) or mismatch repair deficient (dMMR) tumours in adults with unresectable or metastatic gastric, small intestine, or biliary cancer, who have disease progression on or following at least one prior therapy.

Cabozantinib

Cabozantinib is indicated as monotherapy for the treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) in adults who have previously been treated with sorafenib.





Atezolizumab

Atezolizumab, in combination with bevacizumab, is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with advanced or unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) who have not received prior systemic therapy.

Biliary Tract Cancer (BTC) Durvalumab in combination with



ESMO

Durvalumab

gemcitabine and cisplatin is indicated for the first-line treatment of adults with unresectable or metastatic biliary tract cancer (BTC). Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC) Durvalumab as monotherapy is indicated for the first line treatment of adults with advanced or unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC). Durvalumab in combination with tremelimumab is indicated for the first line treatment of adults with advanced or unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC).



