

Active substances set

Search phrase: durvalumab

Below you will find a list of active substances registered by the European Medical Agency (EMA) in the last 15 years, recommended by the European Society of Clinical Oncology (ESMO) and their reimbursement status in the country.

Liver cancer

Durvalumab

Biliary Tract Cancer (BTC) Durvalumab in combination with gemcitabine and cisplatin is indicated for the first-line treatment of adults with unresectable or metastatic biliary tract cancer (BTC). Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC) Durvalumab as monotherapy is indicated for the first line treatment of adults with advanced or unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC). Durvalumab in combination with tremelimumab is indicated for the first line treatment of adults with advanced or unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC).

 **FULL REIMBURSEMENT**

 **ESMO**

Tracheal, bronchus, and lung cancer

Durvalumab

Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) Durvalumab as monotherapy is indicated for the treatment of locally advanced, unresectable non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) in adults whose tumours express PD-L1 on $\geq 1\%$ of tumour cells and whose disease has not progressed following platinum-based chemoradiation therapy. Durvalumab in combination with tremelimumab and platinum-based chemotherapy is indicated for the first-line treatment of adults with metastatic NSCLC with no sensitising EGFR mutations or ALK positive mutations. Small Cell Lung Cancer (SCLC) Durvalumab in combination with etoposide and either carboplatin or cisplatin is indicated for the first-line treatment of adults with extensive-stage small cell lung cancer (ES-SCLC).



**REIMBURSEMENT
WITH RESTRICTIONS**



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